

# THE WESTERN CITIZEN.

VOLUME 58.

PARIS, BOURBON COUNTY, KY., FRIDAY, OCT. 6, 1865.

NUMBER 40.

## THE WESTERN CITIZEN.

**J. L. WALKER, & CO.**  
PUBLISHERS & PROPRIETORS.

**TERMS.**  
A Western Citizen is published weekly at \$2.00 in advance—\$2.25 in six months—or \$3.00 at the end of the year.  
No paper discontinued until all arrears are paid.  
Single copies at our counter five cents.

**RATES OF ADVERTISING PER SQUARE OR 12 LINES.**

One insertion.....\$1.00  
Each continuation.....\$1.25  
Three months.....\$4.00  
Six months.....\$6.00  
Twelve months.....\$10.00  
Obituary notices.....\$0.50

Job Work executed with neatness and dispatch, on reasonable terms.

## GREAT EXCITEMENT

Amongst the Ladies of Paris!

For they never fail to get good pictures of their little babies at

**B. W. ROSE'S**  
**PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY,**  
Corner of Main & Broadway, Paris, Ky.  
Sept. 8, 1865.

**PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY.**

HAVE JUST COMMENCED OPERATING in Dr. Peckover's Photograph Gallery, corner of Public Square, and nearly opposite Mrs. Thurston's hotel, where I shall be glad to see my old patrons and all who may favor me with a call.

Photographs, Ambrotypes, and all kinds of copying will be executed in the very best style.

Photographs of all kinds colored at artists' prices.  
R. L. GRINNAN.  
Paris, Aug. 10, 1864.

**Carpenter & Mullen's**  
**PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY!**  
MAIN STREET, LEXINGTON, KY.

WE are now prepared to make Photographs of any size or style required, unsurpassed in finish and elegance by any.

Colors of old pictures taken and enlarged to any size. Pictures taken on rainy weather equal to those taken in fine weather. Photographs painted in water colors and India ink.  
CARPENTER & MULLEN.  
August 16, 1864.

**DR. A. M. DAVISON**

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of Paris and vicinity. Also takes pleasure in informing them that he is now prepared to execute with dispatch all kinds of Dental work, and that he has a new Anesthetic agent by which the extraction of teeth is attended with little or no pain, without injury to the nervous system.

Office up stairs over R. L. THOMSON'S LAW OFFICE, on Broadway, Paris, Ky.  
Dec. 23.

**SHERIFF'S OFFICE!**

THE undersigned have their office in J. R. Thompson's Law Office, on Bank Row, where they can be found unless absent on business. They intend to do a general collecting business.

Office up stairs over R. L. THOMSON'S LAW OFFICE, on Broadway, Paris, Ky.  
A. BASFORD, Jr.  
Paris, Jan. 6, 1865—1st.

**AUCTIONEER.**

I will keep a register of my engagements at the City Office. Persons desiring my services can there ascertain when I will be employed and can fix their sale accordingly.

S. M. HIBLER.

**CO-PARTNERSHIP.**

Dr. Ed. Ingles and Cary N. Hawes, HAVING entered into partnership, will practice Medicine and Surgery in the town of Paris and surrounding country.  
July 14—1st.

**WHEAT! WHEAT!**

A FEW THOUSAND BUSHELS OF GOOD White Wheat, for which the highest market price will be given.  
W. SHAW.  
Nov. 11—1st.

**COAL OILS**

AT 80 and 90 cents.  
For sale by FRIZZELL & CO.  
Nov. 6, 1863.

**LEGAL NOTICE.**

THE undersigned hereby forewarn all persons from trespassing upon our farms, by pulling down fences, hunting or fishing, as we shall put the law in force against all offenders.

W. M. P. HUME.  
DAVID J. HOME.  
FRANK P. CLAY.  
ROBERT CLARK.  
SILAS HEDGES.  
Feb. 7, 1862—1st.

**NOTICE!!**

WE ARE ANXIOUS TO CLOSE UP ALL accounts and notes owing us. We therefore request ONE AND ALL, to come forward and settle, as further delay will not be given.

GARRETT & PEARS & CO.

**THE PARIS CLEANING STORE.**

**JOHN FORD**

HAS opened a Cleaning Store, on Main Street, nearly opposite the Odd Fellows' Hall, where he will clean all kinds of

**Ladies' and Gentlemen's Clothes.**

By close attention to business and low prices he hopes to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

Don't forget to call at the Paris Cleaning Store.  
June 16, 1865—1st.

**\$50 REWARD.**

STAYED or stolen from my house near Paris, on the night of the 10th inst., a

**BAY HORSE MULE.**

4 years old, full 16 hands high, in this order, rather light made, and marked with gear. I will give the above reward for the mule delivered at my house.

S. H. CLAY.  
Paris, May 30, 1865—1st.

**REPUBLIC.**

THIS FINE JACK WILL STAND THE present season, at my farm, 3 miles from Paris on the Winchester road, at eight dollars to insure a mare with foal.

B. J. CLAY.  
April 21, 1865.

S. F. WILLIAMS, W. K. BOAL, W. W. WELLS,  
Late of Paris, Ky.

**Williams, Boal, & Co.,**  
**PRODUCE & COMMISSION**  
**MERCHANTS.**

AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF

**Pure Copper-Distilled Bourbon Whisky.**

No. 45 WEST SECOND STREET,  
Bet. Walnut and Vine. CINCINNATI, O.  
March 3, 1865—1st.

J. C. COCHRAN, J. H. VALUETT,  
Late of Lexington, Ky. Late of Paris, Ky.

**COCHRAN, WASSON & TALBUTT,**  
**Commission Produce Merchants**

Nos. 47 & 49 Vine Street,  
CINCINNATI, O.

Strict attention given to all consignments, and prompt returns made on all sales.  
July 1st, 1864.

**B. F. PULLEN,**  
**COMMISSION & PRODUCE MERCHANT,**  
**PARIS, KY.**

Cash advances made on all consignments to my friends Cochran, Wasson & Talbutt, of Cincinnati, Ohio. The highest market price paid in Cash for all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE. I want to buy all the good Wheat, Rye, and Hemp I can get—Shake furnished.

July 1st, 1864.

W. FITHIAN & CO.,  
**PRODUCE & COMMISSION**  
**MERCHANTS,**  
**PARIS, KY.**

Agents for Ohio River Salt Company.

**COAL! COAL!**

WE have on hand and for sale a good lot of Youghiogheny Coal.  
W. F. & CO.

**COUNTRY PRODUCE.**

WE will pay the highest market price in cash for all kinds of Country Produce.  
W. F. & CO.

**Wanted to buy for Cash:**

1,000 HIDES.

**100,000 LBS. OF WOOL,**

10,000 BUSH. OF POTATOES,

10,000 bush. Blue-Grass Seed,

100,000 LBS. OF RAGS,

1,000 LBS. OF BEES WAX,

1,000 DOZ. EGGS.  
W. FITHIAN & CO.  
March 10, 1865.

S. R. SHARRARD, J. J. HAMPTON.

**S. R. SHARRARD & CO.,**

ODD FELLOWS' HALL,  
PARIS, KY.

**WHOLESALE AND RETAIL**

**Family Groceries,**

Country Produce,

Oysters, Sardines,

Game, Fresh Fish,

Candles, Raisins, Nuts,

Pickles, London Sauce,

Catsups, Tobacco, Cigars,

Dried Beef, Hamburg Cheese

And a general assortment for family use. Also, a variety of

**Fancy Soaps, Hair-Brushes,**

PEN-KNIVES, POCKET-BOOKS,

Writing Paper and Envelopes.

Having opened with an entirely new Stock, we hope to give attention and low prices to be able to please all. Give us a trial. Call and see. Ladies are especially invited to give us a call.

Everything warranted as represented.  
Oct. 7, 1864.

**NOTICE!!**

HAVING moved my business from Cynthia's to Paris, I am now open, and prepared to accommodate the public in general, in the

**Wagon-Making & Repairing Business,**

—AND—

**Blacksmithing**

In all its branches;

Shoeing, Jobbing, &c!

L. OXLEY.  
June 16—1st.

**Family Flour**

FOR SALE BY THE BARREL.

C. S. BRENT & SON.  
Sept. 1, 1865—1st.

**PHOTOGRAPHS & ALBUMS!**

VERY RICH STYLES OF ALBUMS in great variety.

J. S. FRIZZELL & CO.  
Oct. 23, 1863.

**J. W. LOWRY,**

**GENERAL FORWARDING,**

**COMMISSION & PRODUCE**

**MERCHANT,**

And Agents for the sale of

**BOURBON WHISKY & KANAWHA SALT.**

I WILL PAY THE

**Highest Market Price**

For all grades of

**WHEAT, RYE,**

And Country Produce Generally.

Strict Attention Given to all Consignments.

HAVE ON HAND AND FOR SALE

75 brls. of Bourbon Whisky,

From one to four year old.

June 9th, 1865—Jan. 1.

**GREAT REDUCTION**

—IN—

**READY-MADE CLOTHING.**

Gents' Furnishing Goods.

**HATS & CAPS,**

**CARPET BAGS,**

**TRUNKS, & C.**

THE undersigned would announce to his customers and the public in general that he has just received a splendid stock of

**Fall & Winter Clothing.**

Consisting of every part of gentlemen's wear, which he has selected among the greatest houses in Cincinnati, and is determined to sell as low as possible, and cheaper than any house in the city. It would be well for every body to look at my Stock before purchasing anywhere else, as I have the most complete stock of Goods ever brought to this market before.

Garments made to order any time and on the shortest notice.

Remember the place, **Opposite Talbott's Hotel,** first store on the corner.

LAZARUS PRICE.

Paris, Sept. 8, 1865.

N. B. I also keep on hand a good stock of Cloths, Cassinets, Cassimers, &c.

L. P.

**BOURBON**

**MARBLE WORKS,**

Cor. Main & Locust Sts.

**PARIS, KY.**

**HILL & HOLT,**

DEALERS IN

**FOREIGN AND AMERICAN MARBLE**

**MONUMENTS**

Tombs, Tablets, Vauls, Mantels, Furniture Tops, Flower Vases, Fountains, &c., &c.

May 5, 1865—1st.

**AUCTIONEERING.**

THE subscriber respectfully announces to the public, that he continues the above business, and will be glad to accommodate those wishing to sell their property, by public sale, at the lowest price, and in the shortest time, and on the most favorable terms.

Paris, Lexington, and Winchester Courts, for the purpose of prosecuting his business. Any one wishing his services, can secure them by dropping him a line at Clintonville.

JOHN B. DONALDSON.

August 25, 1865—3rd.

**PUBLIC SALE**

**CLARK LAND,**

**STOCK, CROP, & C!**

ON Wednesday October 18th, 1865, I will offer my farm for sale, containing

**750 Acres**

Of land lying immediately between the Winchester & Lexington Turnpike and Todd's Road 3 1/2 miles from Winchester and 16 miles from Lexington, running on both roads. The quality of this land is as good as any in the country and in a good state of cultivation. The improvements on the farm consist of two dwelling houses, one a frame house nearly new, containing ten rooms and a hall. The out-houses are all good, and a superior young Apple and Peach Orchard on it, bearing choice fruit, the other dwelling house on it is quite comfortable and suitable for a small family, has a fine young orchard on it also of peaches, pears and apples, all choice fruit. The farm is well watered and suitable for a stock farm, the timber on the farm is all good and plenty of timber on the place. This year there was raised on the place 100 acres of Corn and 100 acres of Wheat, the balance is well set in grain. It will be sold in three parcels if desired all together. One half of the purchase money to be paid in hand the balance in payments. Persons are invited to examine the land. Any one wishing to purchase can do so privately by applying to the subscriber on the farm. At the same time I will sell my

**STOCK & CROP**

Consisting of 15 head of horses and mares mostly brood mares; two good work mules, 1 two year old gelding, 2 good colts, and 2 good cows, about 20 and one year old cattle last spring of good description, some 8 head of cows and calves, 5 or 6 heifers, about 60 fat hogs and about 50 or 60 sheep, 2 yoke of good work oxen, 50 fat cats, 1 superior four year old jack, 15 hands 3 inches high, proved himself a fine breeder, was sired by Tuscarora, all Jack, two years old last August, 15 hands high, sired by Blawetha, and 1 yearling jack of good size, and my thoroughbred saddle stallion, a producer of some good stock, 3 fine Jennets of good size and color, about 70 acres of corn in the field, 20 tons of hay and some oats, 3 four horse wagons, 2 ox wagons, 1 horse cart, 1 combined reaper and mower, 1 endless chain and the farming implement usually used on a farm, household and kitchen furniture.

Terms made known on day of sale.

September 8, 2765.

Paris Citizen copy until day of sale and charge this office.—Lex. Ocs.

**SCHOOL BOOKS,**

IN GREAT VARIETY, A FULL ASSORTMENT.

FRIZZELL & CO'S.  
Oct. 23, 1863.

**The Crimson Ribbon that Bound her Hair.**

Suggested while listening to Miss L. W. P. .... of Mayville, Ky., as she sang—

"I HAVE LEFT THE SNOW-COLD HILLS."

The crimson ribbon that bound her hair— How trembled, like tints that the sunset weaves!

While her song of sweetest charmed the air! Her song of sweetest—the low refrain, Of its passionate sorrow fills my heart;

The autumn leaves wear the sunset stain, Of the ribbon that bound her hair! And the mistle's passion, low refrain, I hear in the song of the autumn rain.

Yet I hold of all so bright, and fair, Only the ribbon that bound her hair!

She walks I know by the rippling tide, Of the river that winds to the bending shore; Doth she seek of the love that her loss deplores, While the crimson leaves float far and wide? For another home more blest than mine, Both her song of sweetest charmed the air;

While I, in my trembling fingers twine, Only the ribbon that bound her hair. She like the tints the sunset weaves, In crimson streaks through the autumn leaves, She hath lent to my home a light more fair, In the crimson ribbon that bound her hair.

Roseheath, Kentucky, Sept. 25th, 1865.

**The Suez Canal Open.**

The news by the Africa, announces the opening of the Suez Canal on the 17th ult., a vessel loaded with coal having passed through from the Mediterranean to the Red Sea. This practical realization of this great work falsifies the predictions of the English engineers who never could see the feasibility or utility of a work which gives France an outlet and approach to British possessions in India. The farseeing mind of the first Napoleon contemplated the great advantage to French commerce of having the Asiatic and African continent separated at a point where the Isthmus, only seventy-five miles wide, divides two of the most important seas on the globe.

The second, or third Napoleon, as he is naturally fixed his title, who follows as closely the ideas of his great uncle, determined to accomplish the work.

What Necho and Darius had done for Persia the Emperor believed feasible for France, and M. Lesseps, with a capital of £4,000,000, has succeeded in bringing the task to a completion, the canal being 90 miles long, 20 feet deep at low water level of the Mediterranean, and 330 feet wide on the surface. This is one of the engineering enterprises which distinguish the present era, and its commercial benefits will rebound to the world. Like the telegraph and continental railroads, its legitimate purpose is to shorten distance, save time, and open better facilities for the commerce of the world. The Isthmus of Panama is the only obstacle now to the complete circumnavigation of the globe, by the most direct and shortest route.

**About Railway Travel.**

Let the American people far and wide reflect upon the fact that we now cite them, on the authority of an official report of one of the British council agents.

"In Germany, since the beginning of the railroad system, twenty or thirty years ago, not a life has been lost in consequence of carelessness or mismanagement on the part of railroad agents."

A few persons have killed themselves by incautiously approaching or jumping off a train, but none have been killed by what are called accidents or casualties.

This is the fact; and now let us look at the reason of it. In the first place, the German trains are limited to a maximum rate of speed—say twenty-five or thirty miles an hour—which is regulated as the highest rate compatible with the regular wear and tear of material, and the consequent safety of human life. In the second place, the iron machinery, the rails, the wheels, the axles, &c., are by law renewed at the end of every certain number of years whether they show signs of weakness or not; for, experiment having proved that iron, after a time, gets disintegrated or disorganized by the incessant beating of the wheels upon the rails, the prudent Germans think it better to relay their tracks before than after a fracture has killed or maimed a hundred persons. In the third place, on all the German railroads guards are stationed at such intervals that the engines of the locomotive are never out of sight of someone to warn them of the condition of the track.—N. Y. Post.

**ANOTHER ATLANTIC CABLE PROJECT.**

The project of a submarine telegraph from the eastern to the western hemisphere, by route of the tropic regions, has a look of accomplishment. The Emperor of France, Brazil and Hayti, and the Kings of Portugal, Denmark and Italy, have formed a treaty, in connection with a company, for the laying of the cable. The line is to commence at Lisbon, Portugal; thence by the coast of Morocco to the Canaries; thence to Cape de Verde, on the coast of Africa; thence to Cape Verde America, is reached. At this point a branch line leads to the principal cities of South America, and another is to be carried through the West India Islands to New Orleans.

The project is to afford all the required facilities and guarantee for its construction, contributing the necessary steam vessels to be employed in laying the cable, and maintain the rights and interests of the Company for ninety-nine years. The Emperor of France gives four millions, and the Emperor of Brazil three millions of francs as donations to the work. Other nations are invited to join as Government guarantees, and the United States are especially invited. The cable is to be treated as neutral in war by the contracting powers. Copies of the treaty have been forwarded to the Secretary of State and to the President.

**LARGE PEACH ORCHARD.**

The largest peach orchard in Delaware is Mr. Anthony Reynolds. He has a peach orchard of a thousand acres, of which six hundred are bearing trees of a bearing age. His crop last year amounted to sixty thousand baskets, of which the average price was one dollar per basket—sixty thousand dollars. Deducting twenty-five per cent for expenses, the net profits of the year may be set down at forty-five thousand dollars. The aggregate profits of his peach culture for the last, and the three preceding years, may be safely estimated at the snug sum of \$150,000.

**Washington Territory.**

In a letter to the Springfield Republican Mr. Bowles speaks of Washington territory as follows:

"Is it not a little singular that only our forty-oddth State should bear the name Washington? That it was left to this day, and to this corner territory to enroll its name among the Stars of the Republic's banner? Washington territory is the upper half of old Oregon, divided by the Columbia river and the fortieth parallel for the southern boundary, and extending up to the forty-ninth, to which, under the reaction from the unmarital Polk's 'fifty-four forty or fight' pretensions, our northern line was ignominiously limited. Its population is small, less than twenty thousand, and not likely to grow fast, or make it a State for some years to come, unless the chance, not probable, of rich gold and silver mines within its lines should flow it with rapid immigration. But it holds some wealth and a large future through its illimitable forests and its probable immense coal deposits. Of all its surface, west of the Colorado or Nevada mountains, not more than one-eighth is prairie or open land—the rest is covered by a growth of timber, such as, alike in density and in size, no other like space on the earth's surface can boast of. Beyond the mountains to the east, the country partakes of the same characteristics as that below it; hilly, barren of trees, unfruitful, whose chief promises and possibilities are in the cattle and sheep line. Its arable land this side of the mountains, where the forests are cleared or interrupted, is less fertile than that of Oregon and California; but it suffices for its present population, and even admits of considerable exports of grain and meat for the mining populations in British Columbia, which will grow in extent and productiveness probably as fast as the necessities of the territory require."

**Anecdote of Gen Jackson.**

The Louisville Journal tells the following anecdote of Gen. Andrew Jackson, which illustrates his sense of duty in the latter years of his life. He went down to New Orleans, upon one occasion, and met, of course, with an enthusiastic reception from his old friends and comrades in arms. The latter appointed a committee to make arrangements for a visit to the "Battle Ground," about seven miles below the city. Without consulting the General, or thinking particularly about the day of the week, they appointed Sunday as the time for the visit.

The day came clear and beautiful. After breakfast they notified him that everything was in readiness for the contemplated visit to the scene of his conflict, his triumph, and his glory. He informed the gentlemen who had notified him, and in a very quiet way, that as it was Sunday, he wished to attend church, instead of visiting the battle ground, that day. The gentlemen of the committee were duly informed of this, and a consultation was had. As all the arrangements had been made for that day and everything was then ready, they concluded to wait upon the General in a body and tell him of the circumstances, and hint that it would look strange and sound odd if not Puritanic for him to refuse compliance with their wishes.

This was done. The General listened to what they had to say, and then, turning his black eyes upon them, which sparkled again with a little of their old fire, he replied with quiet dignity: "Gentlemen, this is Sunday, and I have already informed you that I am going to church."

The committee subsided, rather pleased than otherwise with the response of the Old Hero. "What fools we were," some one said











